

High Efficiency 1.5X charge Pump For White LEDs Backlighting

FEATURES

- 1MHz Switching Frequency
- 2.7V to 5.5V Input Voltage Range
- Low Shutdown Current: $\leq 1 \mu A$
- Regulated 20mA Full-Scale Output Current
- 32-Position Linear Scale with Digital Control
- · High Accuracy Brightness Matching
- 33% Less Input Current Than Doubler Charge Pump
- No Inductors Required
- Build-in Soft-Start
- Current Limit and Over Temperature Protection
- 12-Pin (AIC1841) and 16-Pin (AIC1842) QFN Package

APPLICATIONS

- Cellular Phones
- PDAs
- · Digital Still Cameras
- Handheld Devices
- White LED Backlighting

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The AIC1841 and AIC1842 provide 4 and 6 LED current source outputs with regulated constant current for uniform intensity. The AIC1841/2 is the low noise, constant frequency charge pump DC/DC converter that uses 1.5X conversion to increase efficiency in white LED applications. The devices can be used to produce current levels up to 20mA for each output from a 2.7V to 5.5V input. Low external parts counts (two 1 μ F flying capacitors and two small bypass capacitors at V_{IN}, and OUT) make the AIC1841/2 ideal for small, battery-powered applications.

EN/SET interface is used to enable, disable and set the LED current for a 32 level logic scale LED brightness control. Built-in current limiting, with thermal shutdown provide protection to the AIC1841/2 against fault conditions. Automatic softstart circuitry prevents excessive inrush current during start-up. 1MHz high switching frequency is enable to use tiny external components.

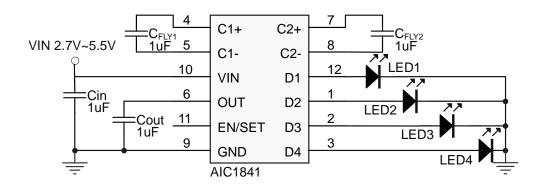
The AIC1841 is available in a 12-pin thin QFN package, and the AIC1842 is available in a spacesaving 16-pin QFN package.

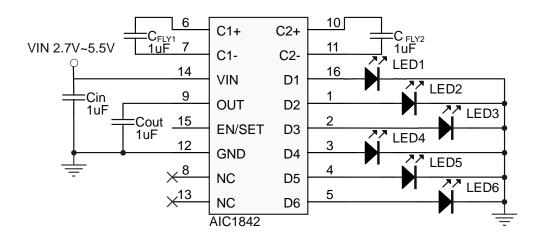
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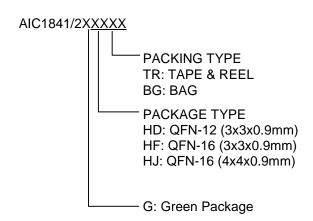
TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT







ORDERING INFORMATION

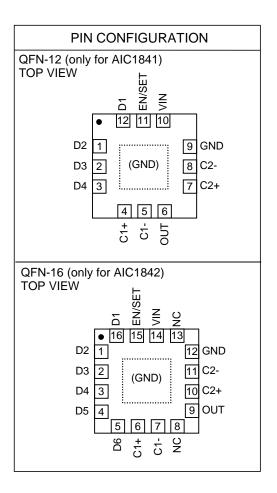


Example: AIC1841GHDTR

→ in Green QFN-12 (3x3x0.9mm) Package and Tape & Reel Packing Type

AIC1842GHFTR

→ in Green QFN-16 (3x3x0.9mm) Package and Tape & Reel Packing Type



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

VIN, VOUT, EN/SET to GND		6.0V		
Thermal Resistance θ _{JA} (°C/W)		48°C/W		
Operating Temperature Range		40°C to 85°C		
Junction Temperature		125°C		
Storage Temperature Range		65°C to 150°C		
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10s)		260°C		
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient, R θ_{JA} (Assume no ambient airflow, no heatsink)				
	QFN-12/16 (3x3X0.9mm)	48°C /W		
	QFN-16 (4x4X0.9mm)	43°C /W		
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case, RθJC				
	QFN-12/16 (3x3X0.9mm)	8°C /W		
	QFN-16 (4x4X0.9mm)	8°C /W		

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.



■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{IN}=3.6V, EN/SET = IN, C_{IN} = C1 = C2 = C_{OUT} = 1 μ F, T_A=25°C, Unless otherwise specified.) (Note1)

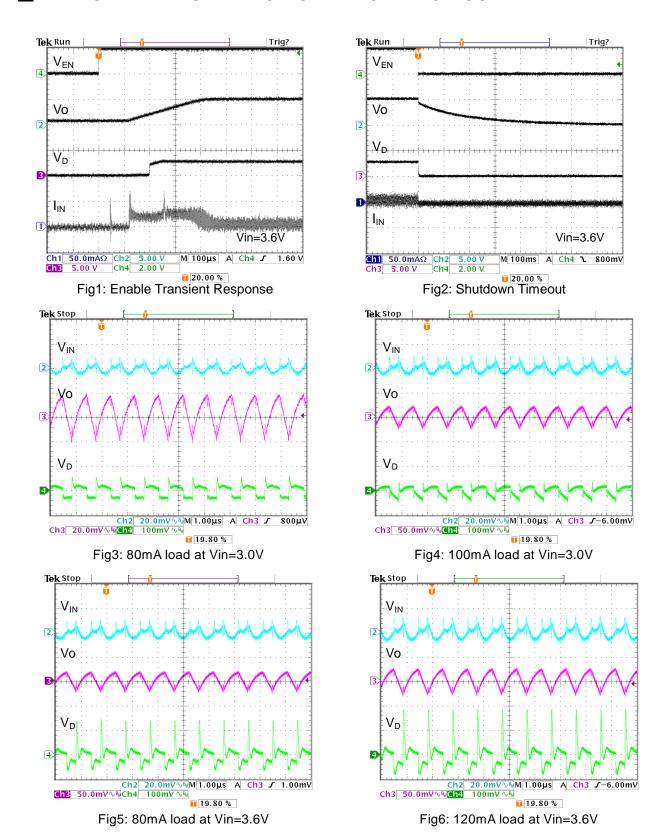
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS	
Operating Voltage		2.7		5.5	V	
Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold	V _{IN} falling	2.25	2.45	2.60	V	
Undervoltage-Lockout Hysteresis			120		mV	
Operating Current	Active, No Load Current		1	2	mA	
Shutdown Current	EN = 0			1	μΑ	
Output Current		18	20	22	mA	
0.1.10	$3.0V \le V_{IN} \le 5.5V$, AIC1841			_	%/V	
Output Current Line Regulation	$3.2V \le V_{IN} \le 5.5V$, AIC1842	-2		2		
LED to LED Current Matching (Note2)	AIC1841		3	7	- %	
	AIC1842		4	8		
Soft-Start Time			400		μ s	
Switching Frequency		0.75	1	1.25	MHz	
Enable Threshold Low	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V			0.5	V	
Enable Threshold High	V _{IN} = 2.7V to 5.5V	1.4			V	
EN/SET Low Time		0.3		75	μ s	
Minimum EN/SET High Time			50		ns	
EN/SET Off Timeout			300	500	μ s	
EN/SET Input Leakage	V _{IN} = 5.5V	-1		1	μ A	
Thermal Shutdown Threshold			150		°C	
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis			25		°C	

Note 1: Specifications are production tested at T_A=25°C. Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with Statistical Quality Controls (SQC).

Note 2: Current matching define: $(I_{LED1}-I_{LED2}) / (I_{LED1}+I_{LED2})$, between any two outputs



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS





TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

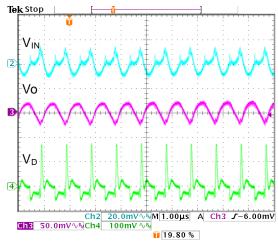


Fig7: 80mA load at Vin=4.2V

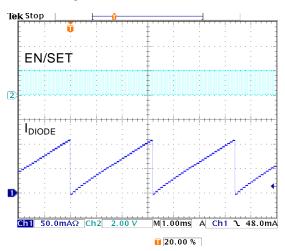


Fig9: EN/SET Pin 10kHz Clock Transient

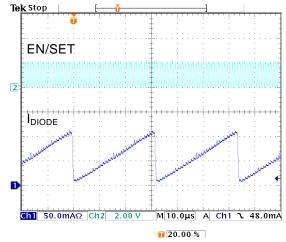


Fig11: EN/SET Pin 1MHz Clock Transient

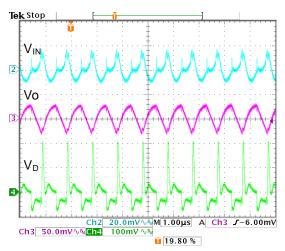


Fig8: 120mA load at Vin=4.2V

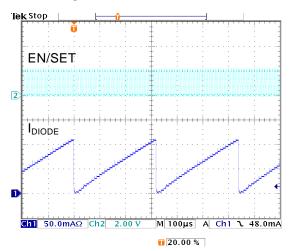


Fig10: EN/SET Pin 100kHz Clock Transient

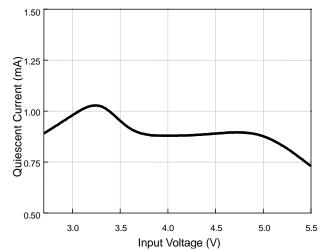
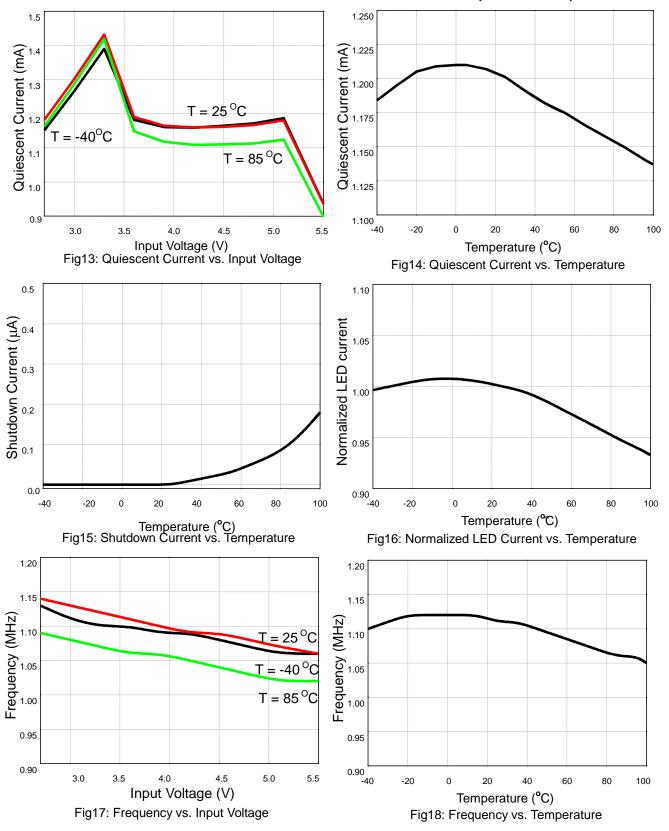


Fig12: Quiescent vs. Supply Voltage

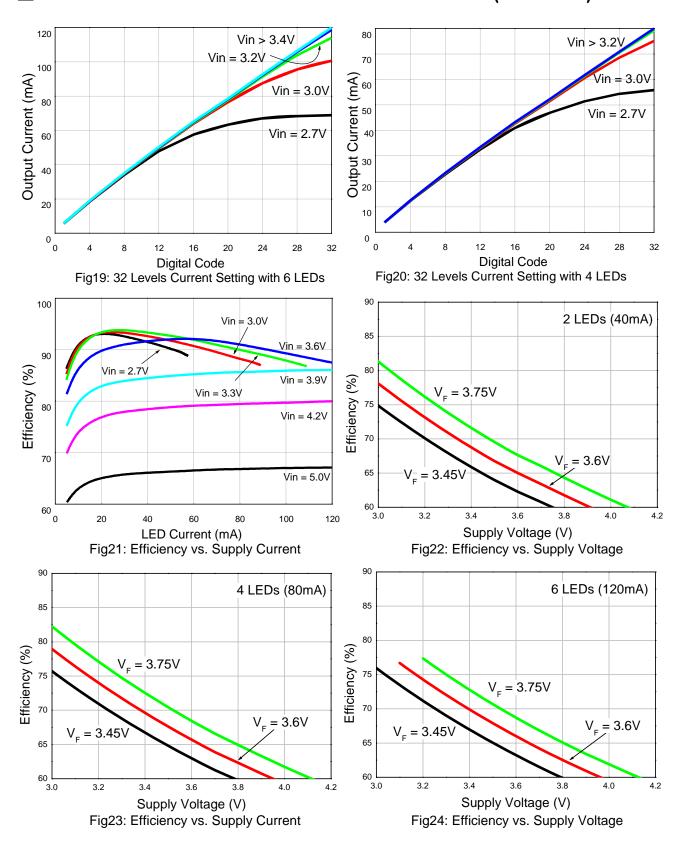


■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)



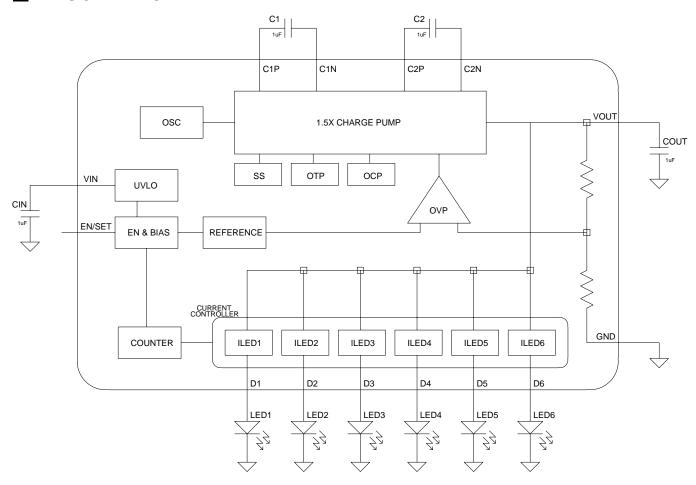


■ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)





BLOCK DIAGRAM





■ PIN DESCRIPTIONS

D1: Current source output.

D2: Current source output.

D3: Current source output.

D4: Current source output.

D5: Current source output. (AIC1842 only)

D6: Current source output. (AIC1842 only)

C1+: Flying capacitor 1 positive terminal.

C1-: Flying capacitor 1 negative terminal.

C2+: Flying capacitor 2 positive terminal.

C2-: Flying capacitor 2 negative terminal.

NC: No connect. (AIC1842 only)

OUT: Charge pump output. For the best performance, OUT should bypass a $1\mu F$ (min.) low ESR ceramic capacitor with the shortest distance to ground.

GND: Ground. Connect GND as close as possible to system ground and to the ground of the input bypass capacitor.

VIN: Input supply voltage. Bypass a 1uF (min.) low ESR ceramic capacitor to GND as close to device as possible. The input voltage range is 2.7V to 5.5V.

EN/SET: Enable and current set pin.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

Operation

The AIC1841/2 is a high efficiency 1.5X charge pumps intended for WLED backlighting. This kind of converter uses capacitors to store and transfer energy. Since the capacitors can't change to the voltage level abruptly, the voltage ratio of V_{OUT} to V_{IN} is limited. Capacitive voltage conversion is obtained by switching a capacitor periodically. Refer to Fig. 25, during the "on" state of internal clock, Q_1 , Q_4 and Q_7 are closed, which charges C_{FLY1} and C_{FLY2} to $1/2V_{IN}$ level. During the "off" state, Q_2 , Q_3 , Q_5 and Q_6 are closed. The output voltage is V_{IN} plus V_{CFLY} , that is, $1.5V_{IN}$.

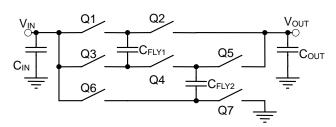


Fig. 25 The circuit of 1.5X charge pump

The AIC1841/2 only requires one $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor for C_{IN} , one $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor for C_{OUT} and two $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitors for the charge pump flying capacitors.

Efficiency

The efficiency of AIC1841/2 for ideal 1.5X charge pump can be simply defined as:

$$\eta = \frac{P_{OUT}}{P_{IN}} = \frac{V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT}}{V_{IN} \times I_{IN}} = \frac{V_{OUT} \times I_{OUT}}{V_{IN} \times 1.5I_{OUT}} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{1.5V_{IN}}$$

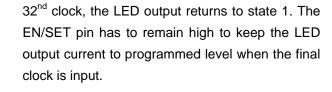
The actual efficiency will decrease as the result from internal switching loss.

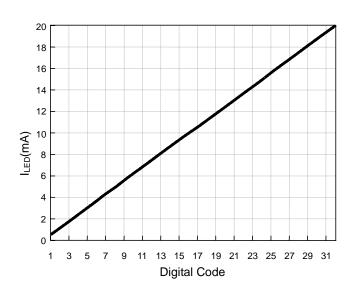
WLED Current Level Setting

The AIC1841/2 D1 to D4/D6 are constant current outputs which source up to 20mA respectively to drive four or six WLEDs. The LED current is set via serial interface by the EN/SET pin, which is based on a digital sacle. The interface records rising edges of the EN/SET pin, and counts them into 32 current level settings where each code is 0.625mA greater than previous code. Code 1 is



the lowest current scale, 0.625mA, and Code 32 is full scale, 20mA. The LED current appears linear with each increasing code. The first rising edge enables the device and sets the LED output current to the lowest setting level, 0.625mA. After



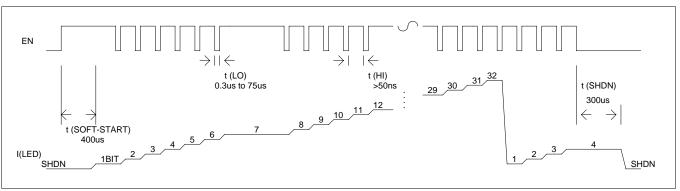


Code	WLED Current	Code	WLED Current
1	0.625	17	10.625
2	1.250	18	11.250
3	1.875	19	11.875
4	2.500	20	12.500
5	3.125	21	13.125
6	3.750	22	13.750
7	4.375	23	14.375
8	5.000	24	15.000
9	5.625	25	15.625
10	6.250	26	16.250
11	6.875	27	16.875
12	7.500	28	17.500
13	8.125	29	18.125
14	8.750	30	18.750
15	9.375	31	19.375
16	10.000	32	20.000
	<u> </u>		

EN/SET Interface

The EN/SET timing is as the diagram shown below. The first rising edge enables the device and sets the LED output current to the lowest setting level. The AIC1841/2 reaches full capacity after typically 400us soft start time. During the soft start period, multiple clock pulses may be inserted, they will be missed cause the counter of EN/SET interface will work after soft start time. The 2nd

pulse should be later than 1st pulse for a soft start time to maintain a correct LED output current level. The counter can be clocked up to 1MHz, so the intermediate scales are not visible. The EN/SET has to hold high to keep the output LED current to programmed level when the final clock is input. When the EN/SET keeps a low for the tshdn timeout period or longer, the AIC1841/2 is shutdown.



Current Setting Diagram



Open-Circuit Protection

In any cases of open output circuit, the LEDs are disconnected from the circuit or the LEDs are failed, etc., the output voltage will limit approximately to 5V.

Thermal Protection

When the temperature of device exceeds approximately 150°C, the thermal protection will shut the switching down and the temperature will reduce afterwards. Once the temperature drops below approximately 125°C, the charge pump switching circuit will re-start. Even though all six outputs shorted to ground at maximum 120mA, the die temperature will not increase sufficiently to enable the thermal protection resulting from its low thermal resistance.

Capacitor Selection

Four external capacitors, C_{IN} , C_{OUT} , C_{FLY1} , and C_{FLY2} , determine AIC1841/2 performances. Optimum performance can be obtained by using low ESR ceramic capacitors. A 1uF ceramic capacitor for all four capacitors is recommended for genernal application.

To reduce noise and ripple, low ESR ceramic capacitor is recommended for C_{IN} and C_{OUT} . The value of C_{OUT} determines the amount of output ripple voltage. An output capacitor with larger value results in smaller ripple. C_{FLY} is critical for the charge pump which affects turn on time. The larger C_{FLY} is, the higher output current obtains. However, large C_{IN} and C_{OUT} are required when large C_{FLY} applies. The ratio of C_{IN} (as well as C_{OUT}) to C_{FLY} should be approximately 1:1 to 10:1.

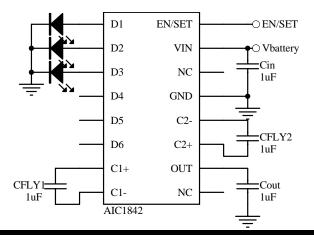
Layout Considerations

Due to the switching frequency and high transient current of AlC1841/2, careful consideration of PCB layout is necessary. The C_{IN} should be connected as close to the IC as possible. The ground of C_{IN} and C_{OUT} should be placed as close as possible. To achieve the best performance of AlC1841/2, minimize the distance between every two components and also minimize every connection length with a maximum trace width. Make sure each device connects to immediate ground plane.

Application Example

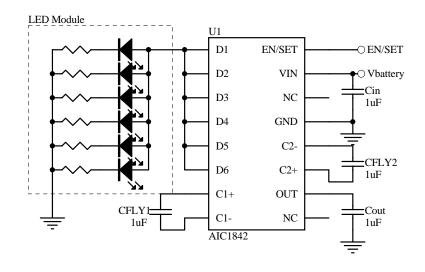
I . When using the AIC1841/2 to drive fewer than four/six LEDs, keep current output float. The

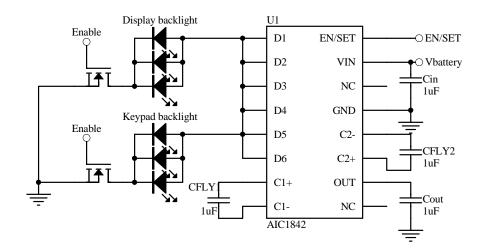
corresponding LED current still enables.





II .Any combination of output may be connected in parallel to deliver a single power output to drive a LED module. The maximum output current is the sum of parallel-connected current source. This feature is useful to drive pre-wire LED backlight modules, which is connected in parallel structure circuit.

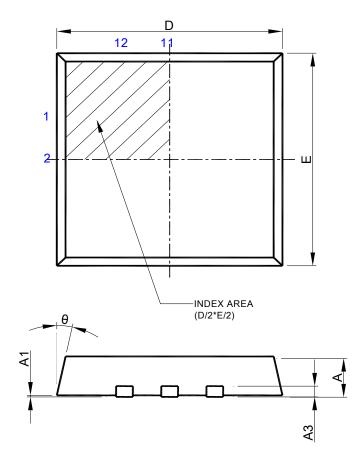


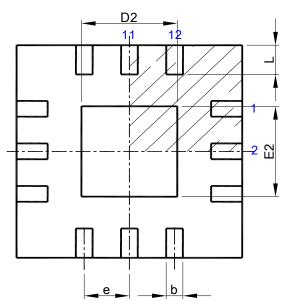




■ PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS (unit: mm)

• QFN 12L - 3x3x0.9-0.5mm





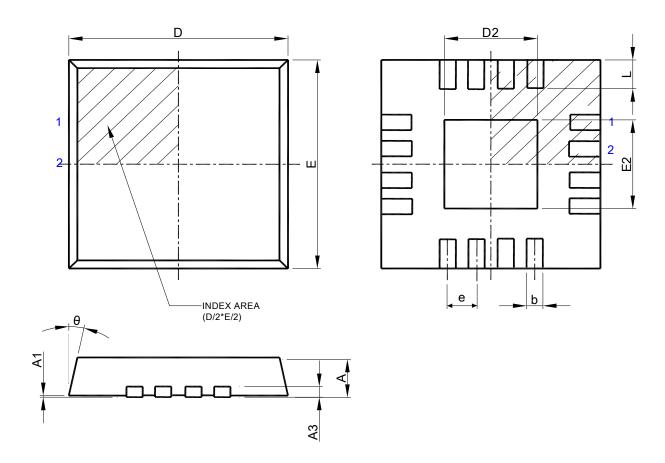
Note: 1. Refer to JEDEC MO-220 VEED-3.

2. All dimensions are in millimeters, θ is in degrees.

S	QFN 12L-3	x3x0.9-0.5mm	
S Y B O L	MILLIMETERS		
O L	MIN.	MAX.	
Α	0.80	1.00	
A1	0.00	0.05	
А3	0.20 REF		
b	0.18	0.30	
D	2.90	3.10	
D2	1.50	1.80	
Е	2.90	3.10	
E2	1.50	1.80	
е	0.45	0.55	
L	0.35	0.45	
θ	0	12	



• QFN 16L - 3x3x0.9-0.65mm



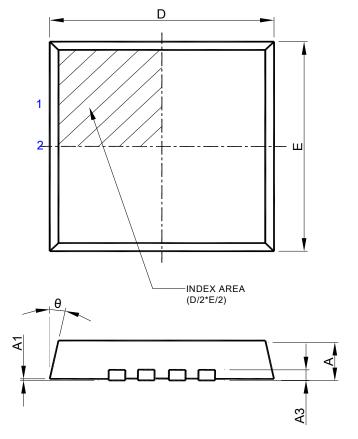
Note: 1. Refer to JEDEC MO-220 VEED-4,6,7

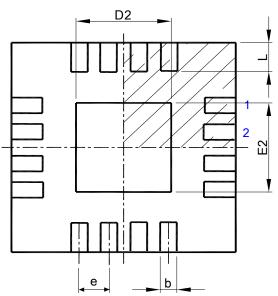
2. All dimensions are in millimeters, θ is in degrees.

S Y	QFN 16L-3>	κ3x0.9-0.5mm	
M B O L	MILLIMETERS		
O L	MIN.	MAX.	
Α	0.80	1.00	
A1	0.00	0.05	
А3	0.20 REF		
b	0.18	0.30	
D	2.90	3.10	
D2	1.05	1.80	
Е	2.90	3.10	
E2	1.05	1.80	
е	0.50 BSC		
L	0.30	0.55	
θ	0	14	



• QFN 16L - 4x4x0.9-0.65mm





Note: 1. Refer to JEDEC MO-220 VGGC-2,3,4

2. All dimensions are in millimeters, θ is in degrees.

S	QFN 16L-4x4x0.9-0.65mm		
M B O L	MILLIMETERS		
O L	MIN.	MAX.	
Α	0.80	1.00	
A1	0.00	0.05	
А3	0.20 REF		
b	0.25	0.35	
D	3.90	4.10	
D2	2.20	2.80	
Ε	3.90	4.10	
E2	2.20	2.80	
е	0.65 BSC		
L	0.30	0.65	
θ	0	14	



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