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AIC3634

PFM Mode Step-Up DC/DC Converter With True Shutdown

FEATURES

- Adjustable Output Voltage up to 24V.
- 2.7V to 5.5V Input Range.
- Maximum 0.1µA Shutdown Current.
- Tiny Inductor and Capacitors are allowed.

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

• Space-Saving SOT-23-6 Package.

APPLICATIONS

- LCD Bias
- LCM
- OLED Driver

DESCRIPTION

AIC3634 is a pulse-frequency modulation (PFM), step-up DC/DC Converter. The built-in high voltage N-channel MOSFET allows AIC3634 for step-up applications with up to 24V output voltage, as well as for Single Ended Primary Inductance Converter (SEPIC) and other low-side switching DC/DC converter.

The AIC3634 is available in a space-saving SOT-23-6 package.



Typical Application Circuit

ORDERING INFORMATION

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Example: AIC3634GG6TR

→ in SOT-23-6 Green Package & Tape & Reel Packing Type



• SOT-23-6 Marking

Part No.	Marking
AIC3634GG6	3634G

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

LX to GND		28V
FB to GND		6V
VIN, SW, SHDN		6V
SW Pin RMS Current		0.6A
Operating Ambient Temperature Range T _A		-40°C to 85°C
Operating Maximum Junction Temperature	: Т _Ј	125°C
Storage Temperature Range		65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering 10 Sec.)		260°C
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	SOT-23-6	115°C/W
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	SOT-23-6	250°C/W
(Assume no Ambient Airflow, no Heatsink)		

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

TEST CIRCUIT

Refer to "TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT".



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{IN}=V_{SHDN}=3.6V, SW=Open, T_A=25°C, unless otherwise specified) (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	МАХ	UNITS		
Input Supply Range	V _{IN}		2.7		5.5	V		
Output Voltage Adjust Range	V _{OUT}				24	V		
V _{IN} Undervoltage Lockout	UVLO	V _{IN} rising, 50mV hysteresis	2.33	2.5	2.65	V		
Quiescent Current	I _{IN}	V _{FB} = 1.3V, No switching		60	90	μA		
Shutdown Supply Current		V _{SHDN} = 0V		0.01	0.5	μA		
ERROR AMPLIFIER								
Feedback Voltage	V_{FB}	Note 1	1.202	1.226	1.250	V		
FB Input Bias Current	I_{FB}	V _{FB} = 1.24V	-50		50	nA		
Line Regulation		V _{CC} = 2.7V to 5.5V		0.1		%/V		
Load Regulation		V_{OUT} = 15V, I_{LOAD} = 0 to 5mA		0.1		%/mA		
OSCILLATOR								
Minimum LX Off-Time		V _{FB} > 1.1V		1		μS		
		V _{FB} = 0.1V		5				
POWER SWITCH								
On-Resistance	R _{DS(ON)}	V _{IN} = 5V		0.9	1.5	Ω		
Leakage Current	I _{LX(OFF)}	V _{LX} = 28V		0.1	2	μA		
Switch Current Limit	I_{LX}		0.338	0.484	0.630	Α		
SOFT-START								
SW PMOS ON-Resistance		V _{IN} = 2.7V, I _{SW} = 100mA		1.5	2.5	Ω		
SW PMOS Current Limit	I _{SW}	V _{IN} = 3.6V, V _{SW} = 0V	0.5	0.85	1.1	Α		
Delta Current limit	$I_{SW -} I_{LX}$		50			mA		
SW PMOS Leakage Current		V _{IN} = 5.5V, V _{SW} = 0V			1	μA		
SW PMOS Soft Start Time		V _{IN} = 2.7V, C _{SW} = 4.7uF		0.2	1	mS		
CONTROL INPUT								
SHDN Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}				0.7	V		
SHDN Input High Voltage	VIH		1.5			V		
SHDN Input Current	I _{SHDN}	V _{SHDN} = 0V		0.01	0.1	μA		

Note 1: Specifications are production tested at T_A=25°C. Specifications over the -40°C to 85°C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with Statistical Quality Controls (SQC).

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



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Fig. 1 Efficiency vs. Load Current



Fig. 3 Output Voltage vs. Load Current





Fig. 2 Peak Inductor Current Limit vs. Supply Voltage



Fig. 4 Supply Current vs. Supply Voltage



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS(Continued)



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Fig. 9 Short Circuit Release





BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

- PIN 1: FB Feedback Input. Connect a resistive voltage divider from the output to FB to set the output voltage.
- PIN 2: GND Ground.
- PIN 3: SHDN Shutdown Input. Drive SHDN low to turn off the converter. To automatically start the converter, connect SHDN to IN. Do not leave SHDN unconnected.

- PIN 4: LX Inductor Switching Connection.
- PIN 5: SW Power Switching Connection. Connect SW to inductor and output rectifier. Keep the distance between the components as close to SW as possible.
- PIN 6: VIN Internal Bias Voltage Input. Connect VIN pin to the input voltage source. Bypass VIN to GND with a capacitor sitting as close to VIN pin as possible.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

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The AIC3634 is a step-up DC-DC converter. It is based on PFM controller topology. At the beginning of each switching cycle, the main switch (NMOS) is turned on and the inductor current starts to ramp. When the sensing current signal equals the main switch current limit value, the main switch is turned off and the inductor current flows through diode to supply the output. The AIC3634 has true-shutdown feature which has an internal P-channel MOSFET connecting from VIN pin to SW pin to protect main switch, diode and inductor during operation period. The AIC3634 can operate with an input voltage from 2.7V to 5.5V and adjustable output voltage up to 24V.

Device Shutdown

When SHDN pin is set logic high, the AIC3634 is put into active mode operation. If \overline{SHDN} pin is set logic low, the device is put into shutdown mode and consumes less than 0.5µA of current. At the shutdown mode, the internal P-channel MOSFET will turn off and the output voltage of AIC3634 step-up converter will reduce to 0V.

Under-Voltage Lockout

Under-Voltage Lockout (UVLO) prevents the main switch from turning on until input voltage exceeds 2.5V typically. When the main switch turns on, if the input voltage drops below 2.4V typically, UVLO shuts off the main switch.

Adjustable Output Voltage

An external resistor divider is used to set the output voltage. The output voltage of the switching regulator (V_{OUT}) is determined by the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{FB} \times \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right)$$

Where V_{FB} is 1.226V reference voltage.

Short Circuit Protection

While the output is shorted to ground, the surge current will flow through the internal P-channel MOSFET. If the surge current reaches the PMOS current limit, the internal P-channel MOSFET will turn off and restart soft-start. This would protect the inductor and diode from damage, and make sure downstream circuits are safe.

Soft-Start

The AIC3634 have soft-start function it can prevent large inrush current during start up period. During soft-start period, the internal P-channel MOSFET will turn on slowly.

Over Voltage Protection

If the feedback resistor is floating or other situation is happened to make the output voltage over normal voltage, the AIC3634 will stops switching, and the output voltage will reduce to VIN voltage.

Inductor Selection

A 2.2~4.7 μ H inductor is recommended for most AIC3634 applications. It is important to ensure the inductor saturation current value exceeds the peak value of inductor current in application to prevent core saturation.

Diode Selection

Schottky diodes, with their low forward voltage drop and fast reverse recovery, are the ideal choices for AIC3634 applications. The forward voltage drop of an Schottky diode represents the conduction losses in the diode, while the diode capacitance (CT or CD) represents the switching losses. For diode selection, both forward voltage drop and diode capacitance need to be considered. In addition, the rating of selected Schottky diode should be able to handle the output voltage and the maximum peak diode current.

Capacitor Selection

The small size of ceramic capacitors makes them ideal



for AIC3634 applications. When choosing the input and output ceramic capacitors, low ESR/ESL X5R and X7R types are recommended because they retain their capacitance over wider ranges of voltage and temperature than other types. A 1μ F input capacitor and a 1μ F output capacitor are sufficient for most applications. The SW pin is suggested to connect a 4.7μ F or greater bypass capacitor. A 10μ F feed-forward capacitor connected between output and FB pin is recommended, it can improve stability for most applications.

PCB Layout Guidance

This is a considerably high frequency for DC-DC converters. PCB layout is important to guarantee satisfactory performance. It is recommended to make traces of the power loop, especially where the switching node is involved, as short and wide as possible. First of all, the inductor, input and output capacitor should be as close to the device as possible. Feedback and shutdown circuits should avoid the proximity of large AC signals involving the power inductor and switching node.



APPLICATION EXAMPLE

Fig. 11 Dual Output Application



PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS (unit: mm)

SOT-23-6

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- exceed 10 mil per side.
 - 3. Dimension "E1" does not include inter-lead flash or protrusions.
 - 4. Controlling dimension is millimeter, converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact.

Note:

Information provided by AIC is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, we cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in an AIC product; nor for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. We reserve the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice.

L1

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0.60 REF

8°

0°

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